

where the producer's unit is located. The farm operator may provide the notice for all producers with an interest in the crop. All producers on a farm will be bound by the operator's filing or failure to file the application for payment unless the individual producers elect to timely file their notice.

(b)(1) Applications for payments under this part must be filed, on Form FCI-74, by the applicant with the local office no later than the first acreage reporting date for the crop in the crop year immediately following the crop year in which the loss occurred.

(2) If the producer chooses not to harvest the crop, all eligible acres and crop units for which the producer intends to make an application for payment must be left intact until the units have been appraised or released by an FCIC or CCC approved loss adjuster.

(3) If the producer harvests the crop, the producer must provide such documentary evidence of crop production as CCC may require which may include leaving representative samples of the crop for inspection.

(c) Failure to make timely application or to supply the required documentary evidence shall result in the denial of payments under this part.

§ 1437.11 Payments for reduced yields and prevented planting.

In the event that the area loss requirement has been satisfied for the crop and either:

(a) The producer has sustained a loss in yield in excess of 50 percent of the producer's approved yield established for the crop, the NAP low yield payment will be determined by:

(1) Multiplying the producer's approved yield by the total eligible acreage planted to the eligible crop;

(2) Multiplying the product of paragraph (a)(1) by 50 percent;

(3) Subtracting the total production from the total eligible acreage from the result in paragraph (a)(2);

(4) Multiplying the product of paragraph (a)(3) by the producer's share of the eligible crop;

(5) Multiplying the result of paragraph (a)(4) by the applicable payment factor in accordance with § 1437.5(c); and

(6) Multiplying the result in paragraph (a)(5) by:

(i) For the 1996 through 1998 crop years, 60 percent of the average market price, as determined by CCC, or any comparable coverage, as determined by CCC; or

(ii) For the 1999 and subsequent years, 55 percent of the average market price, as determined by CCC, or any comparable coverage, as determined by CCC; or

(b) The producer has been unable to plant at least 35 percent of the acreage intended for the eligible crop, the NAP payment will be determined by:

(1) Multiplying the producer's acreage intended to be planted to the eligible crop by 35 percent;

(2) Subtracting the result in (b)(1) from the number of eligible prevented planting acres as determined in § 1437.9(c)(2);

(3) Multiplying the result of (b)(2) by the producer's share of the eligible crop;

(4) Multiplying the producer's approved yield by the result of (b)(3);

(5) Multiplying the result of (b)(4) by the approved prevented planting payment factor in accordance with § 1437.5(c); and

(6) Multiplying the result of (b)(5) by:

(i) For the 1996 through 1998 crop years, 60 percent of the average market price, as determined by CCC, or any comparable coverage, as determined by CCC; or

(ii) For the 1999 and subsequent years, 55 percent of the average market price, as determined by CCC, or any comparable coverage, as determined by CCC.

§ 1437.12 Multiple benefits.

If a producer is eligible to receive payments under this part and benefits under any other program administered by the Secretary for the same crop loss, the producer must choose whether to receive the other program benefits or payments under this part. The producer is not eligible for both. Such election does not relieve the producer from the requirements of making a production and acreage report. However, if the other USDA program benefits are not available until after an application for benefits has been filed

under this part, the producer may refund the total amount of the payment to the local office from which the payment was received.

§ 1437.13 Payment and income limitations.

(a) NAP payments shall not be made:

(1) In excess of \$100,000 per person per crop year under this part, or

(2) To a person who has qualifying gross revenues in excess of \$2 million for the most recent tax year preceding the year for which assistance is requested.

(b) Simple interest on payments to the producer which are delayed will be computed on the net payments ultimately found to be due, from and including the 31st day after the latter of the date the producer signs, dates, and submits a properly completed application for payment on the designated form, the date disputed applications are adjudicated, or the date the area and crop is approved for NAP payments. Interest will be paid unless the reason for failure to timely pay is due to the producer's failure to provide information or other material necessary for the computation or payment.

§ 1437.14 Violations of Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Conservation Provisions.

The provisions of part 12 of this title, apply to this part.

§ 1437.15 Violations Regarding Controlled Substances.

The provisions of § 718.11 of this title apply to this part.

§ 1437.16 Misrepresentation and scheme or device.

(a) If CCC determines that any producer has misrepresented any fact or has knowingly adopted, participated in, or benefitted from, any scheme or device that has the effect of defeating, or is designed to defeat the purpose of this part, such producer will not be eligible to receive any payments applicable to the crop year for which the scheme or device was adopted.

(b) If any misrepresentation, scheme or device, or practice has been employed for the purpose of causing CCC

to make a payment which otherwise would not make under this part:

(1) CCC will withhold all or part of the payment that would otherwise be due.

(2) All amounts paid by CCC to any such producer, applicable to the crop year in which the offense occurred, must be refunded to CCC together with interest and other amounts as determined in accordance with this part.

(3) CCC may impose such other penalties or administrative sanctions as authorized by section § 1437.19.

(c) Scheme and device may include, but is not limited to:

(1) Concealing any information having a bearing on the application of the rules of this part;

(2) Submitting false information to the CCC or any county or state FSA committee; or

(3) Creating fictitious entities for the purpose of concealing the interest of a person in the farming operation.

§ 1437.17 Refunds to the CCC.

In the event that there is a failure to comply with any term, requirement, or condition for payment made in accordance with this part, or the payment was established as a result of erroneous information provided by any person, or was erroneously computed, all such payments or overpayments will be refunded to CCC on demand, plus interest determined in accordance with part 1403 of this chapter.

§ 1437.18 Offsets and assignments.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), any payment or portion thereof to any person shall be made without regard to questions of title under State law and without regard to any claim or lien against the crop, or proceeds thereof, in favor of the owner or any other creditor except agencies of the U.S. Government. The regulations governing offsets and withholdings found at part 1403 of this chapter shall be applicable to payments under this part.

(b) Any producer entitled to any payment may assign any payments in accordance with regulations governing assignment of payment found at part 1404 of this chapter.